



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> : <b>C09J 7/02, H01B 1/12</b>	A1	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 98/45383</b> (43) International Publication Date: 15 October 1998 (15.10.98)
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/06782</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 6 April 1998 (06.04.98)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: 08/838,582 10 April 1997 (10.04.97) US</p> <p>(71) Applicant: AT &amp; T WIRELESS SERVICES, INC. [US/US]; 5000 Carillon Point, Kirkland, WA 98033 (US).</p> <p>(72) Inventor: AMIN, Umesh, J.; 10522 180 Court N.E., Redmond, VA 98052 (US).</p> <p>(74) Agent: DWORETSKY, Samuel, H.; AT &amp; T Corp., P.O. Box 4110, Middletown, NJ 07748 (US).</p>		(81) Designated States: BR, CA, JP, MX, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).
<p><b>Published</b></p> <p><i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i></p>		
<p><b>(54) Title:</b> METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR DELIVERING A VOICE MAIL NOTIFICATION TO A PRIVATE BASE STATION USING CELLULAR PHONE NETWORK</p>		
<p><b>(57) Abstract</b></p> <p>A method and system of the present invention delivers a voice mail notification to a subscriber of a voice mail system to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox. A cellular phone network receives a voice mail notification from a voice mail system that indicates that a voice mail message is waiting for a subscriber. The voice mail notification is forwarded through the cellular phone network to a private base station used by the subscriber to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox of the private base station. The voice mail notification can include the calling party number, the name of the calling party, if known, and an index. Subscribers can retrieve a specific message from the Voice Mail System.</p>		

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**METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR DELIVERING  
A VOICE MAIL NOTIFICATION TO A  
PRIVATE BASE STATION USING CELLULAR PHONE NETWORK**

**Field of the Invention**

10        This invention relates generally to a method and system of delivering a voice mail notification from a voice mail system through a cellular phone network to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox.

**Background of the Invention**

15        Currently some wireless services offer message waiting and similar services where various types of messages can be stored in a subscriber mailbox of a voice mail system and then delivered through a wireless communication network such as a cellular telephone network after a call is specifically made to a voice mail system to retrieve the messages. In prior systems, the number of stored messages can be 20 determined by looking on the display of a phone that has been powered-on, and viewing the number of messages that are waiting in the voice mail system. However, knowing only the number of messages stored in a voice mailbox is not efficient for active users and subscribers who need up-to-date information for business, education and other purposes.

25        In the copending application identified above, a wireless communication network, such as the cellular telephone network, can forward a voice mail message notification (or message waiting indicator) to a subscriber of a voice mail system

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indicating that the subscriber has one or more voice mail messages waiting in the subscriber mailbox. In the present invention, the voice mail system can generate a voice mail notification that includes the calling number of the party that left the voice mail message, if known, the name of the caller, and an index listing the various calls so that a subscriber can scroll through the calls and choose a desired call. This caller identity information can be forwarded as a packet of information to a cellular network. A messaging center in the cellular network receives the voice mail notification, which includes calling number ID, potentially the caller name (if available) and the index of the voice mail. The messaging center then forwards the notification to a (MSC) mobile switching center, which in turn forwards the voice mail notification to a base station. The information is then forwarded to a cellular phone operated by a subscriber. Typically, the subscriber can register the cellular phone with the cellular phone network before a voice mail notification is sent. Also, the message center can include the home location register to determine the location of the subscriber who is to receive the voice mail notification. The home location register can maintain a record of the location of any subscriber as long as the subscriber has a cellular phone or other similar wireless device that is registered with the system.

The cellular phone typically will have a storage device and display for storing and displaying a plurality of voice mail notifications. The display can show the calling party number, and if known, the calling party name after it receives the voice mail notification, as well as an index which includes an appended number corresponding to the voice mail. The cellular phone preferably stores within the

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phone an index of all voice mail messages stored in the subscriber mailbox based on the voice mail notification it receives. The display then can be scrolled to indicate the various identities of the stored messages. The cellular phone used by a subscriber can be an IS 136 phone. The subscriber can retrieve a specific message by highlighting a 5 specific message and then pressing a send button positioned on the phone. The mobile switching center then forwards the particular voice mail message to the subscriber. The mobile network then facilitates the message retrieval to the subscriber device.

Private base stations, however, are becoming more popular, especially with 10 the excessive band use of cellular frequencies.

### Summary of the Invention

In accordance with the present invention, voice mail notifications belonging to a subscriber can now be delivered to a private base station, stored, and read and then 15 used for retrieving the voice mail message. A private base station can access and manage a plurality of mail boxes for individual subscribers. The private base station does not store the entire message. It does the same thing as the phone is doing. However, because the PBS can support a plurality of cellular phones, it can have a multitude of mailboxes.

20 In accordance with the present invention, a cellular phone network receives a voice mail notification from a voice mail system that indicates a voice mail message from a subscriber. The voice mail notification can comprise a small packet of information or other identifying information that typically includes the calling party

number, the name of the calling party if known the calling number ID, an index and the MIN - Mobile Identification Number. The voice mail notification is forwarded through the cellular phone network to a private base station used by the subscriber to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox or other private  
5 base station.

In one aspect of the present invention, the private base station is associated with a plurality of different subscriber mailboxes for receiving voice mail notifications for respective subscribers.

10 In still another aspect of the present invention, a voice mail message stored in the voice mail system can be retrieved and played through a speaker contained in the private base station.

15 In yet another aspect of the present invention, the invention includes a display contained in the private base station on which a selected voice mail notification can be displayed. This display can include the calling number of the calling party, the calling party name (if known), and an index. A keyboard can be included on the private base station and entry into a mailbox could only be granted to the respective subscriber or agent in order to obtain access to the voice mail notification stored in the private base station, which is associated with a plurality of different subscribers. A transmit button can be located on the private base station in order to call the network  
20 and enter the voice mail system and retrieve a desired message stored in the network.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

This invention and its mode of operation will be more clearly understood from

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the following detailed description when read with the appended drawings in which:

FIG. 1 shows a simplified block diagram of a cellular switching system, its logical entities as well as its relative connection with the public switched telephone network, a private base station and a voice mail system operatively connected for 5 communication with the cellular network for delivering a voice mail notification to a private base station used by subscriber;

Figure 2 illustrates a block diagram of a cellular phone showing a storage device for listing items of voice mail notification and a display for showing this information.

10 FIG. 3 shows a high level flow chart depicting one example of forwarding a voice mail notification to a cellular phone;

FIG. 4 shows a high level block diagram of a private base station separated into identifiable circuit sections;

15 FIGS. 5 and 5A are a high-level flow chart depicting one example of the invention in operation.

Throughout the drawings, the same element when shown in more than one figure is designated by the same reference numeral.

#### Detailed Description

20 Referring now to Figures 1-5, there is illustrated a private base station that receives a voice mail notification from a cellular phone network. For purposes of clarity, the description will first describe a cellular voice mail notification transmitted to and stored within a cellular phone, followed by a description of the private base

station that receives a voice mail notification and can retrieve a voice mail by one's depressing transmit buttons for generating a signal to the voice mail system.

Referring now to FIG. 1, there is shown a simplified block diagram of a cellular switching system forming part of a wireless cellular phone network and, its logical entities as well as the relative connection with the public switched telephone network and a private base station. A messaging center receives a small packet of information, corresponding to a voice mail notification, also called a message waiting indicator from a voice mail system, indicating that a subscriber has a voice mail message waiting in a subscriber mailbox, [along with the index of the voice mail, the calling number ID, the calling party name, and the MIN - Mobile Identification Number]. This voice mail notification is forwarded to a mobile wireless device, in the illustrated embodiment a cellular telephone belonging to a subscriber of the voice mail system. Other wireless devices could also be used, including one and two-way wireless pagers. The cellular concept is well known and is described in general in the *Bell System Technical Journal*, Volume 58, Number 1, January 1979, and specifically in an article entitled *The Cellular Concept* by V.H. MacDonald, on pages 15 through 41 of this journal, the disclosure which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Included within the cellular switching system is mobile station (MS) 10, mobile switching center (MSC) 12, the public telephone switched network (PSTN) 14, a cellular base station (BCS) 13, a home location register (HLR) 15, a visiting location register (VLR) 16, a private base station visiting location register (P-VLR) 30, and a private base station (PBS) 20 used in conjunction with a premises. A subscriber station telephone set 19 is illustratively shown connected to the public

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telephone switched network **14** in a well known manner. In this particular example, the private base station **20** is illustrated as part of a residential premises, shown with the dotted lines at **98**. A mobile station **10** in the form of the cellular phone is shown outside the premises. A messaging center is illustrated by block **100**, and is connected to the voice mail system (VMS) **102**, Home Location Register **15**, all Mobile Switching Centers **18** in the network via Signaling System 7 (SS7) which is a separate system, but could be integral to the cellular network. Although a private base station is not essential for practicing the invention, the use of private base stations is now commonplace, and the description proceeds with the disclosure of a private base station.

For clarity, mobile switching center **12** is illustratively shown connected to mobile switching center **18** and network operation controller (NOC) **17**. The mobile switching center **18** is part of the overall cellular systems operation and may similarly have a home location register, a visiting location register, a P-VLR, as well as multiple cellular base stations associated therewith. It is understood that other mobile switching centers also may be part of the cellular system. The network operation controller provides overall control and thereby ensures that the operation of the whole cellular system is supported and serviced.

The mobile station **10** and private base station **20** are designed to operate in a cellular system in accordance with the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA) Interim Standard (IS)-136, dated December 1994.

The mobile switching center **12** performs all the switching functions related to call delivery and is interconnected to the public telephone switched network **14**, the

home location register **15**, the visiting location register **16** and the cellular base station **13**.

The home location register **15** maintains a data base, profile record and call routing information or a pointer to the call routing information for all mobile stations 5 in a particular assigned home area. The visiting location register **16** maintains a data base for call routing information or a pointer to the call routing information for those mobile stations which are visiting its assigned area of coverage and have active registration with the associated mobile switching center.

The private base station visiting location register **30** performs the interface 10 functions between a private base station, such as station **20**, and both the home location register **15** and the visiting location register **16** for holding both call routing information and, order or registered position information for the mobile stations that are currently registered with the private base station. The private base station visiting location register **30** is also responsible for administering spectrum utilization and 15 operations of the private base station **20**.

The functions for the private base station visiting location register **30** may be conveniently summarized as follows:

1. Authorize new private base station operation.
2. Download private base station operating parameters and performs 20 operation administration.
3. Authenticate all calls received from private base station.
4. Perform Registration Notification task to HLR/VLR when network update is received from private base station.

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5. Perform mobile station inactive task to HLR/VLR when network cancellation is received from private base station.

The private base station **20** qualifies for private (or non-public) mode time-division-multiple-access (TDMA) cellular operation under IS-136 cellular radio interface, which permits a cellular mobile station to register with a private base station to receive or originate calls through a land-line connected to the public telephone switched network instead of through a cellular base station, such as cellular base station **13**, connected in the regular public cellular system. Specifically, this radio interface provides the digital control channel in accordance with TIA-IS-136.1 and the traffic channels and control channel in accordance with TIA IS-136.2 for communication with the mobile station. A modem interface between the private base station and the private base station visiting location register also is supported by the radio interface.

As shown in figure 1, a voice mail system **102** is operatively in communication with the mobile switching center **12** and visitor location register **16** as well as the messaging center **100**. When a call is made to a subscriber of the voice mail system **102**, from a calling party **104** and the subscriber, does not answer, the mobile switching center **12** can switch the call to the voice mail system **102** which requests the calling party **104** to leave a message in a subscriber mailbox **106**. The voice mail system **102** can be a separate system apart from the public switched telephone network **14**, part of the public switched telephone network, or integral with the cellular telephone network **9**.

The small packet of information which corresponds to the voice mail

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notification contains the number of the calling party, and if known, the name of the calling party, and the voice mail index. This information can be obtained by means well known to those skilled in the art. This packet of information is sent as a voice mail notification to the messaging center **100**. The messaging center through its interaction determines the correct mobile switching center **12** and forwards the message. The mobile switching center **12** then forwards the message to the cellular base station **13** to the subscriber, who has a cellular phone or other mobile device that can display the voice mail notification, e.g., such as the calling party and the name of the calling party, as well as the index. If the subscriber is using a cellular phone with advanced features, then much of the information contained in the voice mail notification can be forwarded along a digital control channel. Examples of a type of cellular phone that can be used with the present invention includes an IS-136 cellular phone.

The cellular phone includes a storage device **110** and display **112** as shown schematically in figure 2, which stores the various voice mail notifications received from the network and displays this information on the display, typically on an LCD screen. Typically, the call number of the calling party and if known, the name of the calling party will be displayed, as well as an index having numbers appended corresponding to the message in the mailbox.

As illustrated, the display **112** includes a large screen, to allow more than one party and number to be displayed, as well as an appended number corresponding to the voice mail message index. For example, the voice mailbox **106** may have seven messages waiting. The display has two messages displayed, indicating party Joe and

-1.1.-

party Harry, respectively messages 6 and 7 (the index) and the respective telephone numbers.

The telephone includes two up and down scroll key buttons 120, 122 and a send button 124, or it can have soft keys to scroll up and down. The user of the 5 phone can scroll up and down through the messages. When a particular message is desired, it is highlighted, as indicated by the dotted lines 126, and the send button 124 is then depressed. The particular highlighted message, in this case the message from Joe. Naturally, if the subscriber knows a particular message which is desired such as message no. 5, messages can be scrolled until message no. 5 is highlighted. The send 10 button 24 is depressed and message no. 5 retrieved from the network.

In a straight forward and simple application of the copending application referred to above, a message can be highlighted by depressing the scroll keys or soft keys, a soft key corresponding to an up button, and a second soft key corresponding to a down button. When a particular message is highlighted, a send or retrieve button 15 could be depressed, or another soft key depressed once or twice. As soon as the send or retrieve button is depressed, the phone dials the voice mail system and can communicate with the system, instructing it to play the specified message.

The present invention has a more complex design. A voice mail can be left in a voice mail box within the network. A voice mail notification is then sent to the 20 message center with all the other information that accompanies the voice mail notification. The message center determines where the mobile station is located, by checking with the Home Location Register.

If the mobile station is located within the cellular network and not at its home

premises, then the voice mail notification is sent to the private base station and to the mobile phone where it is registered.

If the mobile unit is found at the premises home, then the message is sent to the private base station only through the land-line network. The voice mail 5 notification is not forwarded through the cellular network, only through the land-line network.

During the first registration of the mobile unit or mobile PBS after the registration process is complete, the mobile unit and the private base station goes through a MWI List Synchronization Process. In this process, if the mobile station is 10 away from the premises home, the messages are automatically sent to the mobile station if its location is known and the private base station. When a subscriber arrives home, the private base station and mobile station synchronizes so that the mobile station acts as a cordless phone and thus the phone or the base station could be used to check messages.

15 This is an important distinction because if the mobile station is already at home, the messaging center automatically sends the voice mail notification to the private base station which in turn sends the voice mail notification to the mobile station.

Figure 3 shows a basic flow chart illustrating one method that can be used for 20 the present invention. For purposes of clarity, the method is described beginning with numerals starting in the 200 series. As illustrated, a calling party 104 makes a call (Block 200) which is not answered (Block 202). The call is switched to the voice mail system (Block 204). The calling party leaves a voice mail message (Block 206)

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and stores that message in the subscriber mailbox (Block 208). The voice mail system then generates a voice mail notification in the form of a small packet of information such as the MIN - Mobile Identification Number, calling number, and if known, the name of the calling party, and the index (Block 210). The voice mail notification is 5 then forwarded to a messaging center of a cellular telephone network (Block 212). The Message Center then determines the location of the Subscriber's mobile unit or cellular phone (Block 214). If the mobile unit is not located in the network but at home, (Block 216) then the message notification is sent to the private base station (Block 218) which in turn sends to cellular phone acting as cordless phone (Block 220). If the cellular phone was not at home and located in the network, the voice mail 10 notification is sent to the private base station and the mobile station, (Block 222).

There is now described an example of a private base station 20 of the present invention. Private base stations are becoming more common because they can save money for subscribers for otherwise expensive cellular services.

15 The private base station includes many of the components (as will be explained below) for operation in the cellular environment. In accordance with the present invention, the private base station includes the central microcontroller 24, typically an advanced type of microprocessor chip. The microcontroller 24 includes storage system 50, such as a disk or other memory means, having selected areas of memory 20 storage for individual subscribers Joe 52, Harry 54 and Tom 56. A display 60 is mounted on the private base station 20 and displays the voice mail notification such as the MIN - Mobile Identification Number, calling party number, the name of the calling party (if known), and an index corresponding to the number of voice mail

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notifications contained in a respective subscriber memory. Because the MIN is sent, the private base station can automatically store by the MIN so that if the PBS is supporting three different phones, it automatically responds to different messages for different MIN within the same device.

5 A transmit button 62 is depressed to send a signal to the cellular network identifying a particular voice mail message corresponding to a highlighted voice mail notification, that could be highlighted by scroll buttons 64 similar to those buttons 120, 122 of the cellular phone. Naturally, various voice mail notifications can be scrolled up and down such as in the cellular phone described above, and a particular 10 voice mail notification highlighted. The transmit button 62 can then be pushed to transmit a signal via the private base station circuitry and through the cellular phone network to the voice mail system in order to retrieve a voice mail message. The voice mail message then can be heard through a speaker 66 contained in the private base station.

15 FIG. 5 illustrates a high-level flow chart depicting one example of the invention in operation.

For clarity, each block is numbered in the 400 numeral series. As shown in Block 400, a calling party first makes a call. When the call is not answered (Block 402), the call is then switched to the voice mail system (Block 404). The calling party 20 then leaves a voice mail message in the voice mail system (Block 406) if the called party is a subscriber to the voice mail system. The message is stored in the subscriber mailbox (Block 408). The voice mail system then generates a voice mail notification (Block 410) having the name of the calling party (if known), the MIN - Mobile

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Identification Number, the calling party telephone number, and an index in numerical sequence corresponding to the number of voice mail notifications generated by the voice mail system. The voice mail system then forwards the notification to the messaging center (Block 412). The messaging center, checks the location of the subscriber mobile station to see if it is located in the network (Block 414). If yes, then the message is forwarded to a base station, which then forwards the voice mail notification to the private base station of a particular subscriber which is the intended recipient and to the mobile station or subscriber cellular phone if possible (Block 416). The private base station will typically be located in a residence. The particular subscriber then can highlight the particular voice mail notification (Block 418) and then push a transmit button (Block 420), to send a signal to the voice mail system via the land-line network (Block 422) to retrieve a particular voice mail message (Block 424). The private base station is not connected to the cellular network except for signaling to the network that the mobile unit is not at home. If the subscriber cellular phone is not in the network (such as at home) a land-line connection is established (Block 426). The voice mail notification is sent to the private base station where it is stored in the appropriate mailbox in the PBS (Block 428) and then sent to the mobile unit or cellular phone, which acts as a cordless phone (Block 430). The message is then retrieved (Block 432) by highlighting the desired voice mail notification (Block 434), pushing a transmit button or soft key (Block 436), sending the signal to the voice mail system (Block 438) and retrieving the voice mail message (Block 440).

The private base station 20 is limited to a very low level of transmitted power of restricting its coverage range to a relative small area. This allows the private base

station to reuse the same radio frequency spectrum used by the macro cellular systems as long as the frequency of use selected by the private base station is different from the cell for the regular public or macro cellular system in whose area of coverage the private base station is located. The operating frequency spectrum for the private base 5 station is selected in a way that insures no interference to the macro cellular system. This is achieved by directing the private base station to perform channel scanning and interference measurements before selecting its operating frequencies. While operating in its normal mode awaiting receipt of an incoming call or an off-hook request from a registered mobile station, the private base station **20** continually broadcasts digital 10 control channel information containing its identity and system parameters.

An IS-136 compliant mobile station can search for a private base station's control channel transmission using a number of techniques. One of these may be based on the mobile station's prior knowledge of the private base station's existence. Another may be in response to a mobile station user manually directing the mobile 15 station to search for the private base station. In yet another technique the mobile station, upon finding the control channel of the private base station, automatically goes through a series of controlled procedures to obtain registration with the private base station.

Once a mobile station, for example, station **10**, obtains a successful 20 registration with the private base station **20**, the private base station **20** makes a modem connection to the private base station visiting location register **30** to update the mobile station's temporary line dialing number (TLDN). The temporary line dialing number in this case will be the private base station's land-line number (LLN). Hence,

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when an incoming call is directed to a particular mobile station, information including the temporary line dialing number for this mobile station is accessed from the private base station visiting locating register **30** through the home location register **15** or the visiting location register **16** and the call routed to the private base station's LLN. It is  
5 also understood that the temporary line dialing number may be stored in either the home location register **15** or the visiting location register **16**, and the mobile switching center **12** then accesses this TLDN from this register. The private base station **20** detects the ring for an incoming call and sends an alerting signal or page to the registered mobile station. Following the mobile station's response to the alerting  
10 signal, private base station **20** establishes a traffic channel for the mobile station and generates an off-hook condition to connect the incoming call through the private base station to the mobile station.

The private base station **20** supports the registering of multiple mobile stations and provides a personalized call delivery feature for each registered mobile station.  
15 In order to provide the personalized call delivery feature, during the TLDN update for the mobile station at the private base station visiting location register **30**, additional information elements, i.e., digits, are added to the TLDN update for distinguishing a particular mobile station with the private base station **20**. During the registration of a mobile station with the private base station, a local unique address is generated at the  
20 private base station. This local unique address may be either advantageously generated from the mobile station identification number contained in each mobile station or generated from an ordered position assigned by the private base station for each portable station registered with the private base station.

Thus by way of illustrative example of the operation of the ordered position registration, the mobile station that registers with the private base station **20** is inserted in registered position **1** by the private base station visiting location register **30**, and the second mobile station is inserted in registered position **2** by the private base station visiting location register **30** and so forth. This ordered position information is advantageously treated as the local unique address or a sub-address by the private base station **20** for each mobile station registered with it. A distinct identity of binary digits for each mobile station distinguishing it from all other mobile stations registered with private base station **20** is obtained thereby.

The private base station receives the binary digits describing the order of registered position in the same manner as caller-ID delivery is achieved. The ordered position information is appended to the caller-ID message that accompanies an incoming ring signal or is appended to the time slot allocated for the caller-ID message when such message is not present. Switching offices that provide caller ID messages to a telephone station capable of decoding and storing the incoming telephone number are either shown or described in US Patent 4,277,649 which issued to D. Sheinbein on July 7, 1981.

Knowing the order of registered position, the private base station along with the help of a mobile station user's profile stored in the private base station can support additional features like

1. Caller name display on the phone;
2. distinctive alerting;
3. Call blocking;

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4. Incoming call log; and
5. Telephone answering device/message support.

The system can have multiple message waiting indicator boxes per registered user. The access control can be through the ATMS.

5 Shown in FIG. 4 is a high-level block diagram of private base station 20 separated into identifiable circuit sections. A radio frequency (RF) circuit 21 performs the radio frequency signal processing. Included in this circuit is a radio frequency receiver section which receives the radio frequency signal from the mobile stations 10 and 11 and, after appropriate filtering and down conversion, produces I and Q signal for an RF CODEC 22 which is connected to the RF circuit 21. A radio frequency transmit section in RF circuit receives the I and Q signals from the RF CODEC 22, converts these signals to the appropriate radio frequency range and amplifies them for wireless transmission via antenna 23.

10 The RF CODEC 22 performs analog-to-digital (A/D) conversion of the I and Q signals received in the receiver section of the RF circuit 21 and digital-to-analog (D/A) conversion of the I and Q signals provided to the transmitter section of the RF circuit 21. The RF CODEC 22 also performs modulation for the transmission path.

15 Connected to the RF CODEC 22 is a digital signal processor (DSP) 23 which performs all the baseband signal processing for the private base station applications.

20 This involves speech encoding/decoding, time-division-multiple-access framing/deframing, channel encoding/decoding, and other modem functions such as, for example, automatic gain control, symbol timing recovery, synchronization, and the like. The DSP 23 also communicates with a microcontroller 24 for exchanging

control messages. A user CODEC 25 performs conversion of digitally sampled speech signals to analog speech signals and also performs conversion of analog speech signals to digitally sampled speech signals.

Connected to the user CODEC 25 could be a switch (not shown) used for switching the private base station into communication with the wireless cellular network 19 for the land-line PSTN 14. The switch could be connected to a second cellular circuit (not shown), and in parallel with RF unit 21 and a hybrid and line interface circuits interface section 26 which performs the required functions for interfacing the private base station 20 to the public switched telephone network 14. These include such functions and circuits as, for example, switch-hook operations, hybrid, ring detect, line termination, on/off hook signal interface signals and the like. The microcontroller 24 performs the call processing functions between the private base station 20 and any registered mobile stations as well as all other control functions that are required for operation of the private base station 20. LEDs 27 provide visual feedback to a user who makes entries at the private base station. Buttons 28 connect to the microcontroller 24 and are used in making the entries in the private base station 20. Once such entry, as described later herein, is that made by the primary user of the base station who direct this base station to register a mobile station for the first time.

This private base station visiting location register 30 may be geographically located away from or co-located with either a visiting location register or a home location register, with which it receives and provides private base station information. Moreover, the functions provided by the private base station visiting location register

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30 also may be integrated into a visiting location register or a home location register, and such operation is hereby anticipated. The elements employed in the private base station register typically can include a computer modem control interface modules, disk storage unit and a plurality of databases.

5 Data communication are provided between multiple private base stations and the private base station visiting location register through the public telephone switched network. In providing this communication, any number of well known protocols that exists in the industry today may be used. By way of example, modem protocols such as V.22, V.22 bis or Bell 212 are all suitable for communications between the modem 10 and a private base station through the public telephone switched network. It is also possible to have a packet data protocol provide the two-way communications requirement. For example, an X.25 packet data protocol may be used in providing this communication.

15 The databases contain specific information. Such as frequency allocations of surrounding cellular systems and information of private base stations operating parameters determined by the private base station's location. Examples of a private base station operating parameters are its operating frequency, transmitted power, authorization time, and the like. A Database could also contain mobile station order 20 of registered position information with the private base station and also private base station profiles. Examples of private base station profiles are "Call Waiting" and "Caller ID" that are provided by the public telephone switched network, and also any private base station location register 30. It is to be understood that other databases providing additional services or tasks also may be interfaced with the computer via a

peripheral control interface module.

The disk storage contains operational information that is applicable to the cellular system in general, such as operation parameters that are required for interfacing the private base station visiting location register with home location register and visiting location register.

A mobile station, such as mobile station 10, gains access to a private base station, such as private base station 20 through a registration/network update process.

A private base station is able to provide distinctive alerting for a registered mobile station. The user of a registered mobile station can have, for example, a distinctive ringing sound (chosen from a group of ring sounds) associated with a particular calling party stored in his or her directory. Distinctive ringing is illustratively described in US Patent 4,995,075. When an incoming call is from the particular calling party, the private base station is able alert the mobile station using the distinct ringing sound.

A private base station is also able to provide a number of other advantageous functions based on obtaining an order of registered position for each of mobile stations. Features such as call blocking, an incoming call log, such as described in US Patent 5,386,460, and a telephone answering function with personalized mailboxes are easily provided. For call blocking, the user has a choice of blocking an incoming call which number matches one of specified numbers stored in the directory.

The incoming call log is advantageously provided in the private base station for each of the registered mobile station users. And the private base station allows personalized greetings to be stored in a mailbox for each of the registered mobile

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stations. When an incoming call is directed to a particular mobile station and the user of this station does not respond, this personalized greeting is played to the calling party by the private base station.

The advantages and beneficial features of the present invention now permit a  
5 voice mail notification to be forwarded from the network or private voice mail system to a messaging center, which then forwards the voice mail notification through the mobile switching center and base station to a private base station, which can have numerous subscriber mailboxes for receiving voice mail notifications.

What has been described is merely illustrative of the present invention. Other  
10 applications to wireless telephones, computers or other communication systems other than the disclosed system are contemplated as being within the knowledge of one skilled in the art and may be utilized without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED

1. A method of delivering a voice mail notification to a subscriber of a voice mail system to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox, comprising the steps of

5 receiving within a cellular phone network a voice mail notification from a voice mail system that indicates a voice mail message is waiting for a subscriber, and

forwarding the voice mail notification through the cellular phone network to a private base station used by the subscriber to indicate voice mail message 10 is waiting in a subscriber mailbox of the voice mail system, and including the step of incorporating within the voice mail notification forwarded to the private base station the calling party number, the MIN (Mobile Identification Number) the name of the calling party, if known, and an index.

15 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the private base station includes a plurality of different subscriber mailboxes for receiving voice mail notifications for respective subscribers, and including the step of forwarding a plurality of different voice mail notifications intended for the different subscribers to the private base stations for storage in the respective subscriber mailbox.

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3. A method according to claim 1 including the step of retrieving a voice mail message stored in the voice mail system and playing a stored voice mail message through a speaker contained in the private base station.

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4. A method according to claim 1 including the step of displaying on a display contained in the private base station a selected voice mail notification.

5. A method according to claim 1 including the step of allowing access to a subscriber mailbox via the private base station only after a predetermined identification number is entered into a keyboard located on the private base station.

6. A method according to claim 1 including the step of scrolling through different messages stored within a subscriber mailbox of the private base station and highlighting a desired voice mail message for retrieval.

7. A method according to claim 6 including the step of pushing a transmit button located on the private base station in order to transmit a signal to the voice mail system and retrieve a selected voice mail message.

8. A method according to claim 1 including the step of querying a home location register to determine the location of a subscriber private base station which is to receive the voice mail notification.

20

9. A method according to claim 1 including the step of storing an index of all voice mail messages stored within a subscriber mailbox of the private base station.

10. A method of delivering a voice mail notification to a subscriber of a voice mail system to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox, comprising the steps of

receiving within a cellular phone network a plurality of voice mail notifications from a voice mail system that indicates different voice mail messages are waiting for respective subscribers, and

forwarding the voice mail notifications through the cellular phone network to a private base station used by the subscribers to indicate that voice mail messages are waiting in respective subscriber mailboxes, and including the step of incorporating within each voice mail notification forwarded to the private base station for respective subscribers the calling party number, the MIN (Mobile Identification Number) the name of the calling party, if known, and the index.

11. A method according to claim 10 including the step of retrieving a voice mail message stored in the voice mail system and playing a stored voice mail message through a speaker contained in the private base station.

12. A method according to claim 10 including the step of displaying on a display contained in the private base station a selected voice mail notification of a subscriber.

13. A method according to claim 10 including the step of allowing access to a subscriber mailbox via the private base station only after a predetermined

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identification number is entered into a keyboard located on the private base station.

14. A method according to claim 10 including the step of scrolling through different messages stored within a subscriber mailbox of the private base station and highlighting a desired message for retrieval from the voice mail system.
15. A method according to claim 14 including the step of pushing a transmit button located on the private base station in order to transmit a signal to the voice mail system and retrieve a selected voice mail message.
- 10
16. A method according to claim 10 including the step of querying a home location register to determine the location of a subscriber private base station which is to receive the voice mail notification.
- 15
17. A method according to claim 10 including the step of storing an index of all voice mail messages stored within a subscriber mailbox of the private base station.
18. A system for delivering a voice mail notification to a subscriber to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox comprising a voice mail system having a subscriber mailbox in which voice mail messages are stored, and including means for generating a voice mail notification having the calling party number that left the voice mail message in the voice mail

system, the MIN (Mobile Identification Number) the name of the calling party, if known, and an index, and

a cellular phone network in communication with the voice mail for receiving the generated voice mail notification from the voice mail system and 5 forwarding the voice mail notification to a private base station used by the subscriber.

19. The system according to claim 18 wherein the private base station includes a plurality of different subscriber mailboxes for receiving respective voice mail notifications intended for respective subscribers from the cellular phone network.

10

20. The system according to claim 18 wherein said private base station includes a speaker through which voice mail is played.

21. The system according to claim 18 wherein the private base station 15 includes a display for displaying a selected voice mail notification.

22. The system according to claim 18 wherein said private base station includes a keyboard for entering a predetermined subscriber identification number to allow access to a subscriber mailbox.

20

23. The system according to claim 18 including means for scrolling through different voice mail notifications stored within the private base station, and means for highlighting a desired voice mail notification for retrieval.

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24. The system according to claim 23 including a transmit button located on the private base station and means responsive to depression of the transmit button for transmitting a message to the voice mail system and retrieving a selected voice  
5 mail message.

25. A system for delivering a voice mail notification to a subscriber to indicate that a voice mail message is waiting in a subscriber mailbox comprising a voice mail system having a plurality of different subscriber mailboxes  
10 in which voice mail messages are stored, and including means for generating a respective voice mail notification for each stored voice mail message, the voice mail notification having the calling party number that left the voice mail message in the voice mail system, the MIN (Mobile Identification Number) the name of the call party, if known, and an index, and

15 a cellular phone network in communication with the voice mail system for receiving generated voice mail notifications from the voice mail system and forwarding the voice mail notifications to a respective subscriber mail box of a private base station used by a respective subscriber.

20 26. The system according to claim 25 wherein said private base station includes a speaker through which a retrieval voice mail message is played.

27. The system according to claim 25 wherein the private base station

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includes a display for displaying a selected voice mail notification.

28. The system according to claim 25 wherein said private base station includes a keyboard for entering a predetermined subscriber identification number and allowing access to a subscriber mailbox.

29. The system according to claim 25 including means for scrolling through different voice mail notifications stored within the private base station and means for highlighting a desired voice mail notification for later retrieval.

10

30. The system according to claim 29 including a transmit button located on the private base station and means responsive to depression of the transmit button for transmitting a signal to the voice mail system via the cellular phone network to retrieve a selected voice mail message.

15

31. A method according to claim 1 including the step of synchronizing a subscriber cellular phone to act as a cordless phone when located at a home premises.

FIG. 1

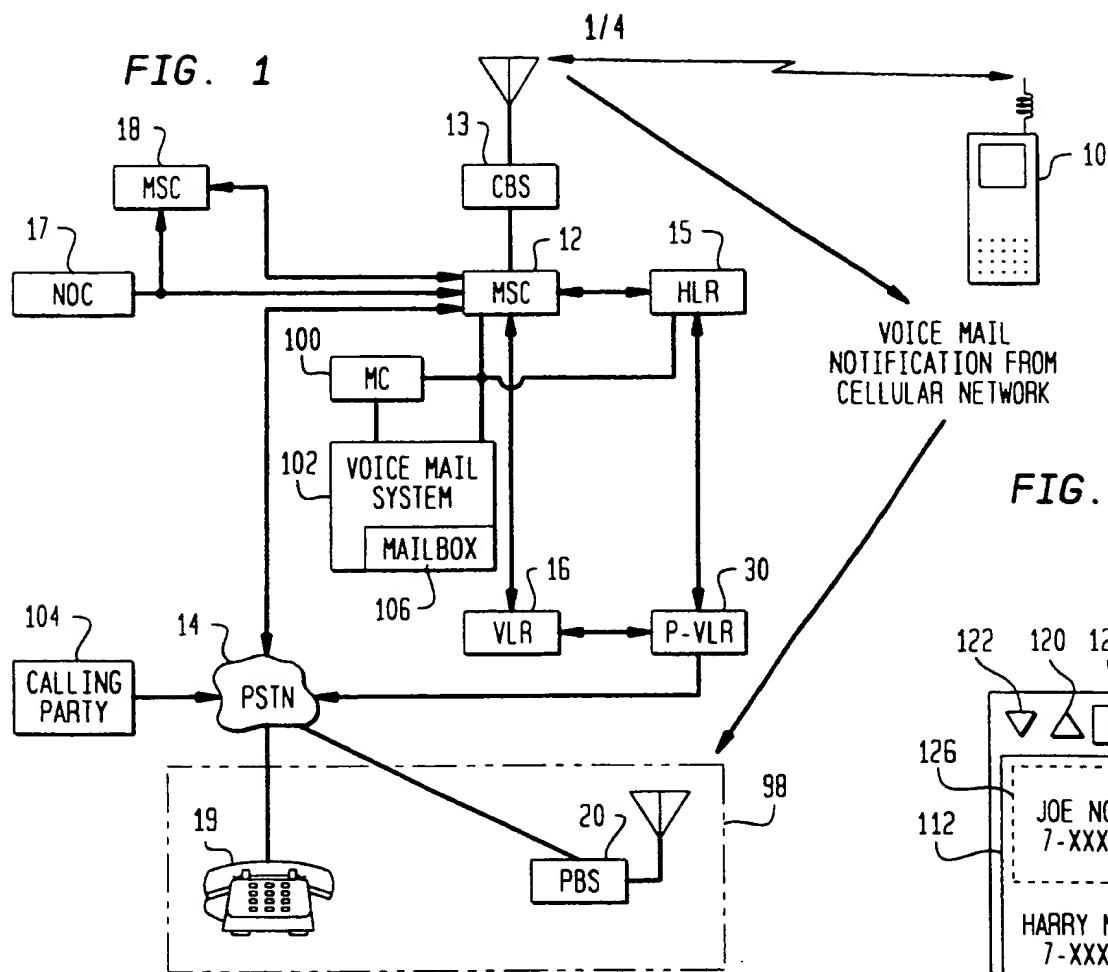


FIG. 2

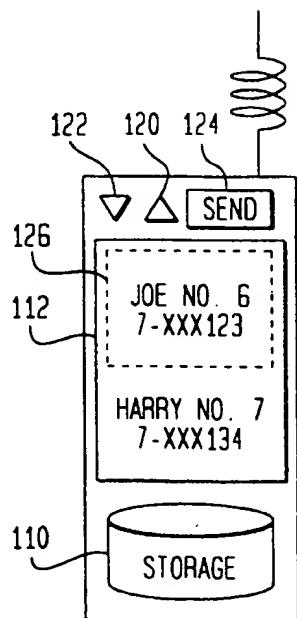
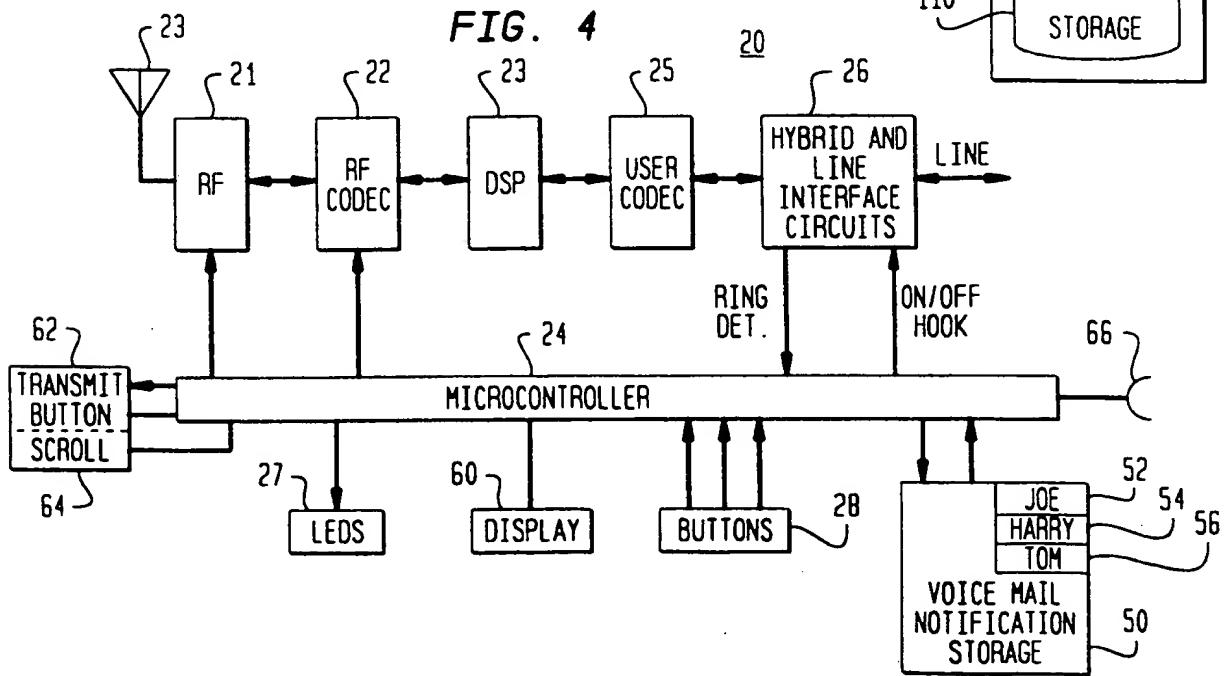
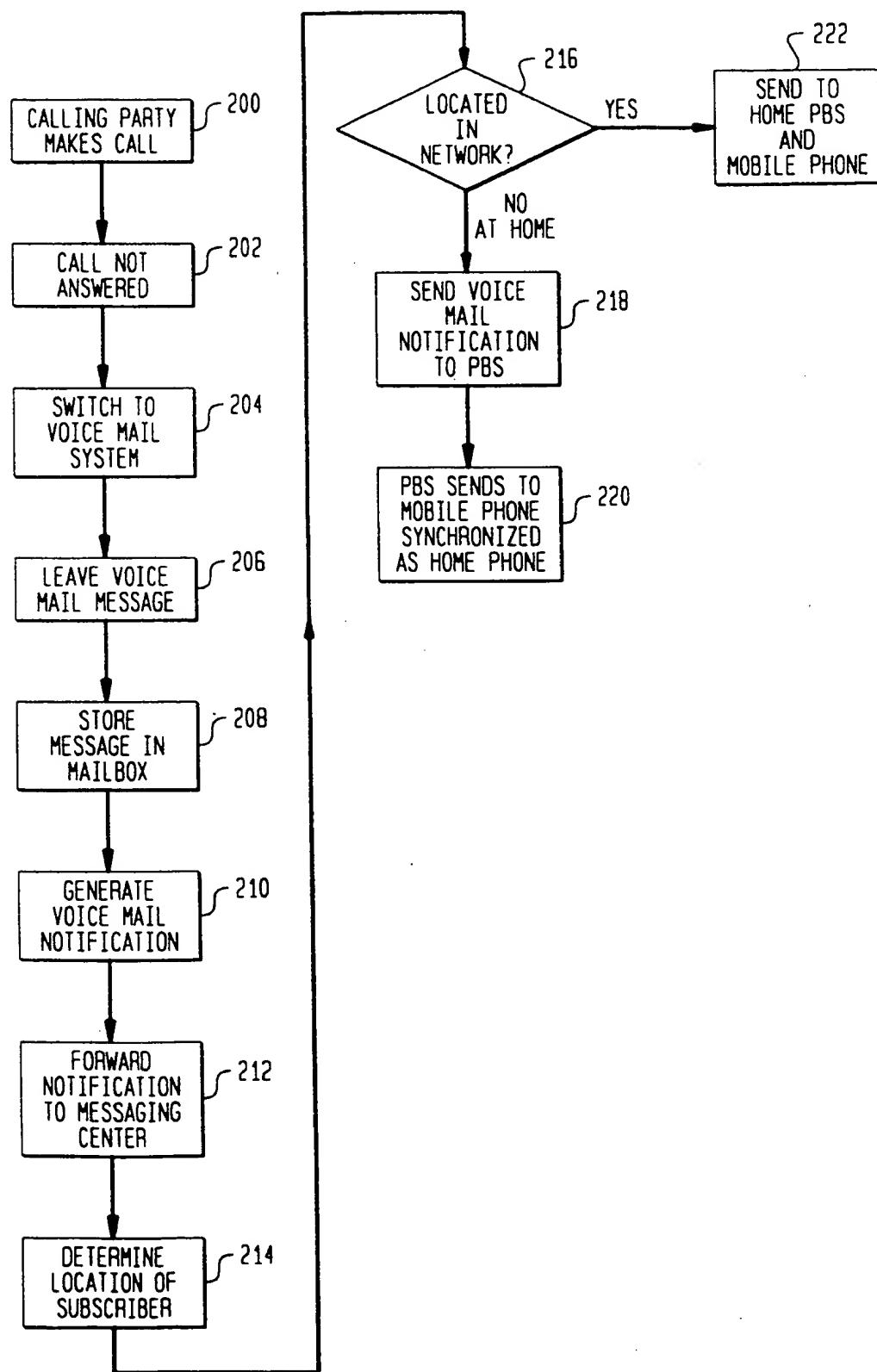


FIG. 4



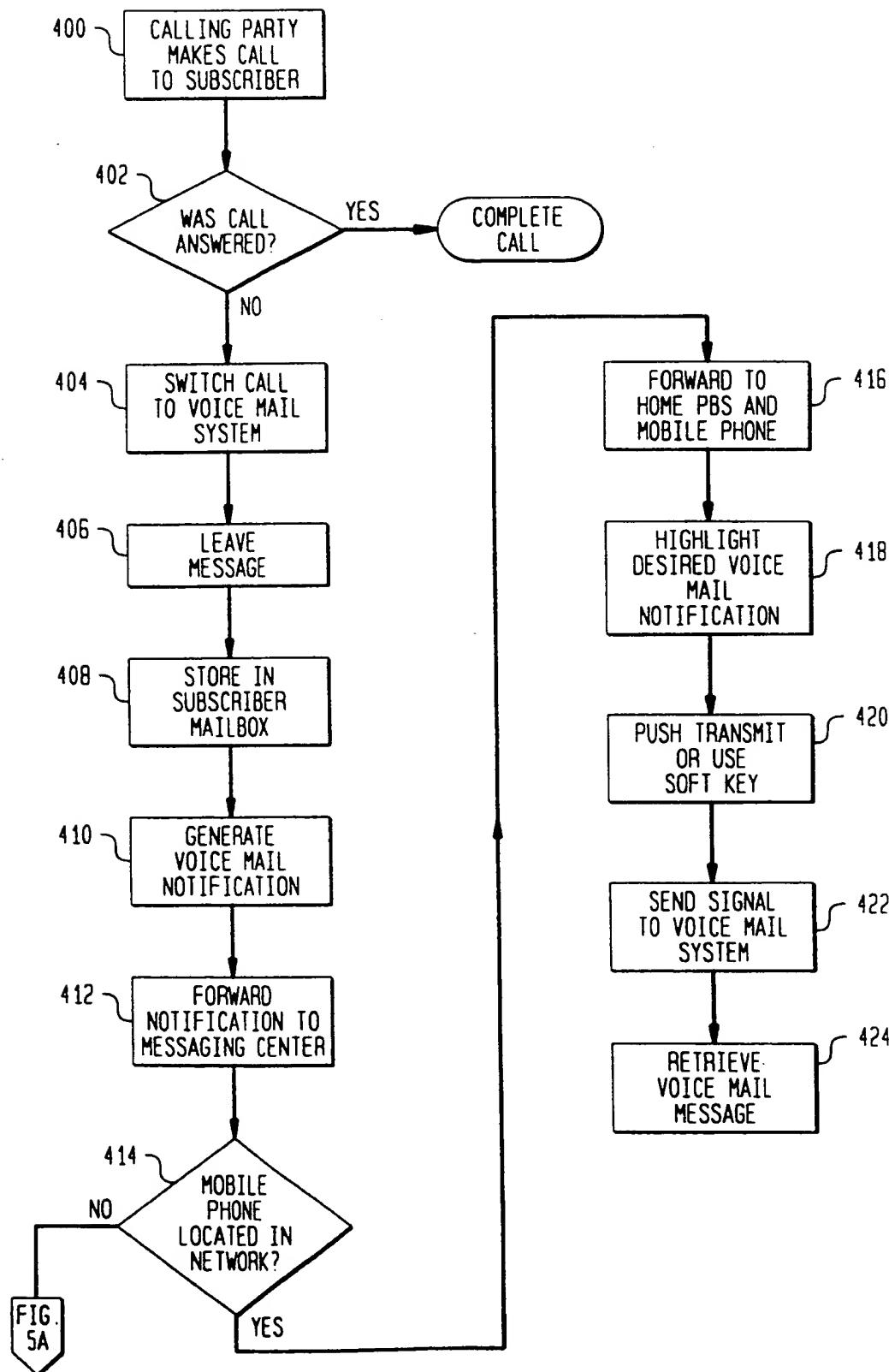
214

FIG. 3



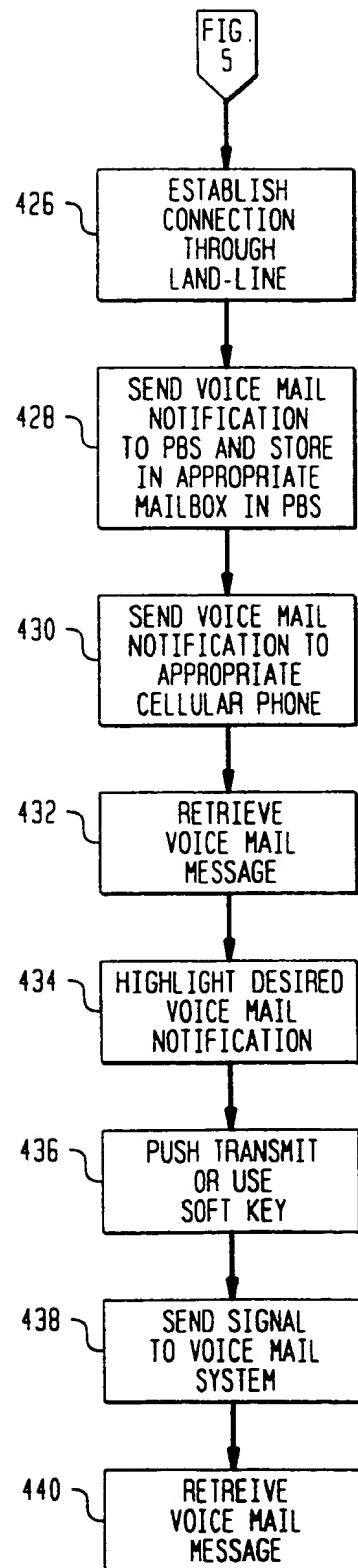
3/4

FIG. 5



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FIG. 5A



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte      onal Application No  
PCT/US 98/06782

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**  
IPC 6 H04Q7/22

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
IPC 6 H04Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5 355 126 A (L.E.NELSON & AL.) 11 October 1994  see column 4, line 37 - line 59 see column 5, line 3 - line 48 ---	1,2,4,5, 10,12, 13,18, 19,21, 22,24, 25,27
A	US 5 047 763 A (W.J.KUZNICKI & AL.) 10 September 1991 see figures 1,3 ---	1,10,18, 25
A	WO 95 31078 A (MOTOROLA INC.,) 16 November 1995 see page 11, line 32 - line 39 ---	1,18,25
		-/-

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

Patent family members are listed in annex.

\* Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

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"Z" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

9 December 1998

22/12/1998

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No  
PCT/US 98/06782

## C:(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5 528 666 A (D.L.WEIGAND & AL.) 18 June 1996 see column 2, line 27 - line 59 ----	1,10,18
A	EP 0 689 336 A (ALCATEL AUSTRIA AG) 27 December 1995 see abstract ----	1,10,18
A,P	WO 97 50224 A (TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON) 31 December 1997 see page 7, line 13 - page 8, line 13 -----	1,18,25

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